

Nuclear Regulatory Commission

§ 32.14

(a) Satisfies the general requirements specified in §30.33 of this chapter;

(b) Provides a description of the product or material into which the byproduct material will be introduced, intended use of the byproduct material and the product or material into which it is introduced, method of introduction, initial concentration of the byproduct material in the product or material, control methods to assure that no more than the specified concentration is introduced into the product or material, estimated time interval between introduction and transfer of the product or material, and estimated concentration of the radioisotopes in the product or material at the time of transfer; and

(c) Provides reasonable assurance that the concentrations of byproduct material at the time of transfer will not exceed the concentrations in §30.70 of this chapter, that reconcentration of the byproduct material in concentrations exceeding those in §30.70 is not likely, that use of lower concentrations is not feasible, and that the product or material is not likely to be incorporated in any food, beverage, cosmetic, drug or other commodity or product designed for ingestion or inhalation by, or application to, a human being.

[30 FR 8192, June 26, 1965, as amended at 49 FR 19625, May 9, 1984]

§32.12 Same: Records and material transfer reports.

(a) Each person licensed under §32.11 shall maintain records of transfer of material and file a report with the Director of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards by an appropriate method listed in §30.6(a) of this chapter. A copy of the report must be sent to the appropriate NRC Regional Office listed in appendix D to part 20 of this chapter.

(b) The report must identify the:

(1) Type and quantity of each product or material into which byproduct material has been introduced during the reporting period;

(2) Name and address of the person who owned or possessed the product or material, into which byproduct material has been introduced, at the time of introduction;

(3) The type and quantity of radionuclide introduced into each product or material; and

(4) The initial concentrations of the radionuclide in the product or material at time of transfer of the byproduct material by the licensee.

(c) The licensee shall file the report within 30 days following:

(1) Five years after filing the preceding report; or

(2) Filing an application for renewal of the license under §30.37; or

(3) Notifying the Commission under §30.34(f) of the licensee's decision to permanently discontinue activities authorized under the license issued under §32.11.

(d) The report must cover the period between the filing of the preceding report and the occurrence specified in paragraphs (c) (1), (2), or (3) of this section. If no transfers of byproduct material have been made under §32.11 during the reporting period, the report shall so indicate.

(e) The licensee shall maintain the record of a transfer for a period of one year after the event is included in a report to the Commission.

[48 FR 12333, Mar. 24, 1983; 48 FR 14863, Apr. 6, 1983, as amended at 68 FR 58804, Oct. 10, 2003]

§32.13 Same: Prohibition of introduction.

No person may introduce byproduct material into a product or material knowing or having reason to believe that it will be transferred to persons exempt under §30.14 of this chapter or equivalent regulations of an Agreement State, except in accordance with a license issued pursuant to §32.11 or the general license provided in §150.20 of this chapter.

[30 FR 8192, June 26, 1965]

§32.14 Certain items containing byproduct material; requirements for license to apply or initially transfer.

An application for a specific license to apply byproduct material to, or to incorporate byproduct material into, the products specified in §30.15 of this chapter or to initially transfer for sale